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NORWAY—INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

At Christiania, the following cases and deaths from infectious diseases were registered for the month of October, 1904: Enteric fever, 12 cases; scarlatina, 44 cases and 1 death; measles, 35 cases and 1 death; whooping cough, 44 cases and 3 deaths, and diphtheria, 206 cases and 7 deaths.

LUXEMBURG—INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The following cases of infectious diseases were officially registered for all Luxemburg from November 16 to 30, 1904: Enteric fever, 17; diphtheria, 11; whooping cough, 1; scarlatina, 28, and smallpox, 1.

MORTALITY IN SOME EUROPEAN CITIES.

Budapest.—Month of August, 1904: Estimated population 813,399. Total number of deaths, 1,211, including enteric fever, 10; measles, 7; scarlatina, 26; whooping cough, 6; diphtheria, 19; puerperal fever, 1; erysipelas, 6; pulmonary tuberculosis, 217. Annual rate, 17.9 per mille. Month of September, 1904: Total number of deaths, 1,086, including enteric fever, 22; measles, 11; scarlatina, 41; whooping cough, 3; diphtheria, 11; puerperal fever, 1; erysipelas, 4, and pulmonary tuberculosis, 163. Annual rate, 16 per mille.

Triest.—Month of October, 1904: Estimated population, 190,166. Total number of deaths, 329, including enteric fever, 4; scarlatina, 2; diphtheria, 9; dysentery, 2, and pulmonary tuberculosis, 57.

Madrid.—Month of October, 1904: Estimated population, 522,983. Total number of deaths, 1,053, including smallpox, 28, and enteric fever, 9.

Athens and Pireus.—Week ended December 10, 1904: Estimated population, 200,000. Typhus, 1 death; diphtheria, 1 death; tuberculosis, 8 deaths. Total deaths from all causes not reported.

GERMAN SOUTHWEST AFRICA—TYPHUS.

A telegram from Berlin, dated December 20, states that the commanding officer of the German troops in German Southwest Africa, in response to an official demand for information, has reported that from the beginning of the war up to date of November 30 there have been 977 cases of typhus, with 184 deaths. Seventy-seven convalescents have been sent home, 444 cases were under treatment at the date of the report, and 282 soldiers who recovered have reentered the ranks.

JAPAN.

Report from Yokohama—Inspection of vessels—Case of plague at Kobe.

Assistant Surgeon Moore reports, December 17, as follows:

During the week ended December 10, 1904, one steamer having a personnel of 50 crew was inspected.

Under date of the 16th instant a case of plague is reported from Kobe (Hiogo). The patient was a barber's apprentice and accustomed to visiting ships in the harbor, which latter fact seemed to indicate the source of infection.